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Medicaid and CHIP in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands became a U.S. territory in 1978 and began participating in Medicaid in 1979 (CMS 2016a). Its Medicaid program is administered by the Office of the Governor after moving from the Department of Public Health in 2012 (CMS 2012c).

For the purposes of Medicaid and the State Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), the Northern Mariana Islands are considered a state unless otherwise indicated (§1101(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)). However, it has a Section 1902(j) waiver, which allows its Medicaid and CHIP programs to operate differently than programs in the states and the District of Columbia (§1902(j) of the Act). Under this waiver, the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (the Secretary) may waive or modify any Medicaid requirement except for the statutory annual limit on federal Medicaid funding, the federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP), and the requirement that payment can only be for services otherwise coverable by Medicaid (§1902(j) of the Act).

This fact sheet summarizes the main requirements and design features of the Northern Mariana Islands Medicaid and CHIP programs, including eligibility and enrollment, benefits, financing and spending, data and reporting, and quality and program integrity.

Eligibility and Enrollment

Eligibility for Medicaid in the Northern Mariana Islands is tied to income and resource requirements for Supplemental Security Income (SSI).² Individuals receiving SSI cash benefits are automatically eligible for Medicaid. Medicaid additionally covers individuals who meet up to 150 percent of the income and resource requirements for SSI but are not necessarily disabled (CMS 2016a). After exemptions and deductions are applied, this translates to a monthly income of \$1,650 and assets of \$4,500 for a couple (SSA 2015).

The Northern Mariana Islands use CHIP funds as an additional source of funding for children in Medicaid, but does not offer coverage to children whose incomes are above the threshold for Medicaid eligibility (CMS 2016a).

Approximately 36 percent of the Northern Mariana Islands population, or 19,000 people, was enrolled in Medicaid as of January 2015 (CMS 2016a).

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Benefits

Covered benefits

Under its 1902(j) waiver, the Northern Mariana Islands are exempt from providing mandatory services under Medicaid. However, they cover all mandatory Medicaid benefits except for freestanding birth center services, as there are no such facilities in the Northern Mariana Islands (CMS 2012a, GAO 2016). In addition, the Northern Mariana Islands cover many optional benefits such as outpatient prescription drugs and dental services (GAO 2016). Enrollees may obtain Medicaid-covered services outside of the territory in certain circumstances, including for laboratory, x-ray, or inpatient or outpatient hospital services with prior authorization, when medically necessary, and when services are not available in the Northern Mariana Islands (CMS 2013a).

Medicaid enrollees face no cost-sharing requirements (CMS 2016a, CMS 2012b).

Delivery system

The Medicaid program is entirely fee for service. Most of the health care services in the Northern Mariana Islands are provided at the Commonwealth Health Center, a territory-owned hospital on the island of Saipan operated by the Northern Mariana Islands Department of Public Health (CMS 2016a).

Benefits for dually eligible beneficiaries

The Northern Mariana Islands provide cost-sharing assistance to dually eligible individuals who are eligible for full Medicaid benefits. They do not provide Medicare cost-sharing assistance to individuals who may qualify as partial dually eligible individuals through Medicare Savings Programs in the states because these programs are not available in the Northern Mariana Islands (CMS 2013a). Medicaid covers Medicare Part B premiums for individuals dually eligible for Medicare and full Medicaid benefits (CMS 2016d).

No Medicare Part D plans are currently available in the Northern Mariana Islands, but dually eligible individuals can receive subsidies under the Enhanced Allotment Plan, also referred to as 1935(e) funding (CMS 2016a). The Enhanced Allotment Plan provides additional allotments to territories to help low-income beneficiaries purchase prescription drugs. The allotment is not countable toward the ceiling on federal financial participation and can only be used for this purpose (§1935(e) of the Act) and CMS 2016a).

Financing and Spending

The federal government and the territorial government jointly finance the Northern Mariana Islands Medicaid program. The Northern Mariana Islands must contribute the non-federal share of Medicaid spending in order to access federal dollars, which are matched at the designated FMAP, or matching rate. Unlike the states, for which federal Medicaid spending is open ended, the Northern Mariana Islands can access federal dollars only up to an annual ceiling. The ceiling and matching rate are described in more detail below.

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Federal funding

Federal Medicaid funding to the Northern Mariana Islands is subject to an annual funding ceiling specified in statute, which grows with the medical component of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) (§1108(g)). The Northern Mariana Islands' CHIP allotment is determined by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) based on prior year spending, the same methodology used for states. In fiscal year (FY) 2015, federal funding was \$6 million for Medicaid and \$1.2 million for CHIP (MACPAC 2016).

In general, once the Northern Mariana Islands exhaust the federal Medicaid and CHIP ceilings, they must fund the program with local funds. However, Sections 2005 and 1323 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA, P.L. 111-148, as amended) provided the territories with a total of \$7.3 billion in additional federal funds for their Medicaid programs. Section 2005 funds for the Northern Mariana Islands totaled \$100.1 million, which is available to be drawn down between July 2011 and September 2019. Once they exhaust that amount, they can access its funds under Section 1323, which total an additional \$9.1 million, available to be drawn down between July 2011 and December 2019. The Northern Mariana Islands must contribute a non-federal share to access these funds, which is matched at its FMAP (CMS 2016a). Once these funds expire or are exhausted, the Northern Mariana Islands generally will not be able to spend federal dollars beyond the ceiling for Medicaid.

Federal medical assistance percentage

The FMAP for the Northern Mariana Islands and the other territories is set statutorily at 55 percent, unlike those for the states, which are set using a formula based on states' per capita incomes (§1905(b) of the Act). The CHIP enhanced FMAP is 91.5 percent (§2101(a) of the ACA; MACPAC 2015a). Like the states and other territories, the Northern Mariana Islands' federal matching rate for almost all program administration is set at 50 percent (§1903(a)(7) of the Act).

The territories cannot claim the newly eligible FMAP of 100 percent available to states expanding to the new adult group; however, the Northern Mariana Islands are eligible for the expansion state enhanced FMAP for adults without dependent children that states were eligible to receive for expansions prior to the ACA (CMS 2016b). In addition, the Northern Mariana Islands received a 2.2 percentage point temporary increase in its regular FMAP between January 1, 2014 and December 31, 2015 (§1905(z) of the Act) (CMS 2016a).

Non-federal share

The Northern Mariana Islands finance their share of Medicaid and CHIP program costs using a mix of certified public expenditures and general fund revenues, depending on the type and location of service. The major hospital where almost all health care services are provided is owned by the territory, and most of the expenses incurred there for services provided are certified public expenditures (CMS 2016c).

Total spending

In FY 2015, federal Medicaid spending in the Northern Mariana Islands was \$16.2 million, or 1 percent of total federal Medicaid spending in the territories. Federal CHIP funding totaled \$0.9 million, or 0.6 percent of total federal CHIP spending in the territories (Table 1).

TABLE 1: Medicaid and CHIP Funding and Spending in the Northern Mariana Islands FY 2011 – FY 2015 by Source of Funds (millions)

	Medicaid				CHIP			
Year	Federal ceiling	Federal spending	Northern Mariana Islands spending	Total spending	Federal allotment under §2104	Federal spending	Northern Mariana Islands spending	Total spending
FY 2015	\$6.0	\$16.2	\$12.2	\$28.4	\$1.2	\$0.9	\$0.3	\$1.2
FY 2014	5.9	19.7	15.7	35.4	1.0	1.0	0.4	1.4
FY 2013	5.6	16.4	13.4	29.8	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.3
FY 2012	5.5	13.8	11.3	25.1	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.3
FY 2011	6.5	14.3	12.6	26.9	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.3

Sources: MACPAC 2016; CMS 2016b; MACPAC 2015b.

Notes: FY is fiscal year. Federal Medicaid ceilings reflect the annual ceilings for federal funds that territories receive under Section 1108(g) of the Social Security Act, while the actual federal spending reflects utilization of the additional allotments provided by the ACA, as well as spending not subject to the ceiling on federal financial participation. Federal CHIP allotments are provided under Section 2104 of the Social Security Act.

In FY 2011 through FY 2015, federal spending for Medicaid in the Northern Mariana Islands exceeded the annual funding ceiling. This spending reflects use of the additional funds available under Section 2005 of the ACA. Although the Northern Mariana Islands have not yet accessed any of their Section 1323 funds, they are expected to exhaust both of these additional allotments before the funds expire (CMS 2016c).

Data and Reporting

The Northern Mariana Islands are exempt from all Medicaid data and reporting requirements through their 1902(j) waiver. However, they do report data on Medicaid and CHIP enrollment, budgets, and expenditures using Form CMS-37, and on aggregate and category-specific spending using Form CMS-64 (CMS 2016c).

Like the other territories, the Northern Mariana Islands do not submit quarterly statistical and program expenditure data for CHIP. They also do not submit data on the use of Early and Periodic Screening,

Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission www.macpac.gov Diagnostic, and Treatment services via Form CMS-416 or data on upper payment limit payments (CMS 2016b). Additionally, they have not yet set up a Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) for claims processing (CMS 2016c).

Quality and Program Integrity

The Northern Mariana Islands are exempt from federal quality and program integrity requirements. However, they do have some program integrity measures in place, including requiring providers to enroll, submit appropriate documentation, and agree to comply with program rules (Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands State Medicaid Agency 2016).

Endnotes

- ¹ The Section 1902(j) waiver is only available to American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- ² The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands is the only U.S. territory to participate in the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program.
- ³ Unlike the states, the Northern Mariana Islands are not required to establish Medicare Savings Programs under the 1902(j) waiver as well as under Section 1905(p)(4)(A) of the Act.
- ⁴ Like the other territories, the Northern Mariana Islands are not eligible for the Medicare Part D low-income subsidy (§1935(e)(1)(A) of the Act).
- ⁵ With the funds from Section 1323, territories could choose to establish a health insurance exchange or supplement their available federal Medicaid funds. Neither the Northern Mariana Islands nor the other territories chose to establish an exchange.
- ⁶ Federal funds for the Enhanced Allotment Plan, electronic health record incentive program payments, and for the establishment and operation of eligibility systems and Medicaid Management Information Systems (MMIS) do not apply toward the ceiling.

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